

# Community Engagement

## vs

# Stakeholder Engagement

### Timing



**Community engagement** tends to be implemented as a project – with a defined start and finish date e.g. planning initiative or capital works.

**Stakeholder engagement** is ongoing, although programs are refined regularly and stakeholders are managed based on stakeholder's interests, relevance and influence.

### Target Audience

Anyone who has an interest in the project / issue (including stakeholders) can be involved in **community engagement** projects.



**Key stakeholders** belong to organisations (generally not individuals) including Government, MP's, Industry associations, unions, etc.

### Location



With technology today, you don't have to be a local **community** member to contribute to a project.

**Stakeholders** are only consulted on matters that come under their jurisdiction eg. Electoral district, Locality, Region, district etc.

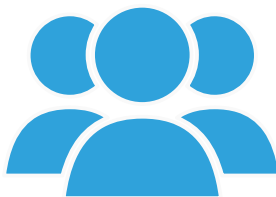
### Level of Influence

Under the IAP2's Public Participation Spectrum, the **community's** influence on a decision can range from Inform, Consult, Involve, Collaborate, or Empower.



Affected or interested **stakeholders** can be involved in both processes, with the levels of influence varying for each project.

### Teams Involved

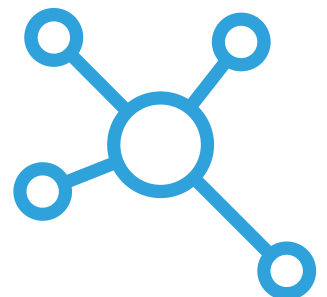


Dedicated **project managers and community engagement** officers are assigned to different projects.

**Stakeholder engagement:** Relationship Managers (Executive and Senior Managers) are assigned responsibility for managing relationships with important stakeholders.

### Industry Associations

**Community engagement:** International Association for Public Participation (IAP2).



**Stakeholder engagement:** tends to be aligned with the practices of the Public Relations Institute of Australia (PRIA), with some practitioners also holding (IAP2 membership).